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#### UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA SAN JOSE DIVISION

IDWEED COLORES OF LACEBACK	<b>71</b> 1 100		
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	., Plaintiff,	Case Number	09-mj-70796RS
V.	B 6 1		_
SETH SUNDBERG	, Defendant.	ORDER OF DETENTION	<u>ON PENDING TRIAL</u>
To a decide to	11 D. C		
In accordance with the Bail Reform Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f), a detention hearing was held on September 14, 2009.			
Defendant was present, represented in pro se. The United States was represented by Assistant U.S. Attorney <u>Jeff Schenk</u> .			
PART I. PRESUMPTIONS APPLICA			
/ / The defendant is charged with an offense described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1) and the defendant has been convicted			
of a prior offense described in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(f)(1) while on release pending trial for a federal, state or local offense, and a			
period of not more than five (5) years has elapsed since the date of conviction or the release of the person from imprisonment,			
whichever is later.			
This establishes a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety			
of any other person and the community.			
/ / There is probable cause based upon (the indictment) (the facts found in Part IV below) to believe that the defendant			
has committed an offense			
A for which	h a maximum term of imprisor	ment of 10 years or more is	prescribed in 21 U.S.C. §
	q., § 951 et seq., or § 955a et s		_
B under 18	U.S.C. § 924(c): use of a firea	arm during the commission o	f a felony
This establishes a rebuttable presumption that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the			
appearance of the defendant as requ			•
/ X / No presumption appl		•	SEP 1 5 2009
PART II. REBUTTAL OF PRESUMPTIONS, IF APPLICABLE  BICHARD W. WIEKING			
/ / The defendant has not come forward with sufficient evidence to rebut the applicable prescription of therefore will be ordered detained.  RICHARD W. WICKLEY  RICHARD W. WICKLEY  SAN JOSE  RICHARD W. WICKLEY  SOUTH OF TRESOMPTIONS, IF APPLICABLE  RICHARD W. WICKLEY  RICHARD W. WICKLEY  SOUTH OF TRESOMPTIONS, IF APPLICABLE  RICHARD W. WICKLEY  RICHARD W. W. WICKLEY  RICHARD W.			
therefore will be ordered detained.			
/ / The defendant has come forward with evidence to rebut the applicable presumption[s] to wit: .			
Thus, the burden of proof shifts back to the United States.			
PART III PROOF (WHERE PRESUMPTIONS DEPUTTED OF INARRIAGED IS)			

## II. PROOF (WHERE PRESUMPTIONS REBUTTED OR INAPPLICABLE)

- / X / The United States has proved to a preponderance of the evidence that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the appearance of the defendant as required, AND/OR
- / X / The United States has proved by clear and convincing evidence that no condition or combination of conditions will reasonably assure the safety of any other person and the community.

## PART IV. WRITTEN FINDINGS OF FACT AND STATEMENT OF REASONS FOR DETENTION

/ X / The Court has taken into account the factors set out in 18 U.S.C. § 3142(g) and all of the information submitted at the hearing and finds as follows: The government makes a seemingly weighty case that defendant engaged in a clever and complex fraud to obtain a tax "refund" from the IRS in an astonishing amount exceeding \$5 million. Thereupon, he deposited the refund in a bank account and embarked on elaborate steps to move it and conceal it from being traced. He left his customary residence and moved into a hotel. He made preparations to flee, either by going into hiding in some remote area "off the grid" or by moving to Panama, where he had established a bank account. He possessed false identity documents. At the time of his arrest, he had over \$500 thousand in his hotel room and another approximately \$300 thousand in his car.

Ignoring the court's strong advice, he insisted on representing himself. Then, he read statements from a prepared script that showed he was guided by his own ideas of what was legal and acceptable conduct, and that the laws in question did not apply to him (apparently, on the outlandish theory that he was the beneficiary of some unspecified trust over which the court should acknowledge that it was the "trustee"). He repeated over and over that he "did not recognize the jurisdiction" of this court. By his own words Sundberg convincingly demonstrated that he was not amenable to pretrial supervision, that - if given the opportunity - he would likely again engage in the conduct he is accused of here, and that he would not follow whatever terms or conditions the court might establish for his release.

/ / Defendant, his attorney, and the AUSA have waived written findings.

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#### PART V. DIRECTIONS REGARDING DETENTION

The defendant is committed to the custody of the Attorney General or his designated representative for confinement in a corrections facility separate to the extent practicable from persons awaiting or serving sentences or being held in custody pending appeal. The defendant shall be afforded a reasonable opportunity for private consultation with defense counsel. On order of a court of the United States or on the request of an attorney for the Government, the person in charge of the corrections facility shall deliver the defendant to the United States Marshal for the purpose of an appearance in connection with a court proceeding.

Dated:

9/15/09

United States Magistrate Judge

AUSA \_\_\_\_, ATTY \_\_\_\_\_, PTS \_\_\_\_